Course of Study: English Language Arts I



Committee Members: Joanne DeShetler, Tara Kaiser, Julie Kolcum, Holly Mihalek and Juliet Peterson

ELA I Strand: Reading Literature Standards	
 Learning Standard: RL.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. RL.9-10.2 Analyze literary text development. RL.9-10.3 Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme. RL.9-10.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meaning; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning, mood, and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place or an emotion; how it sets a formal or informal tone). RL.9-10.5 Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create such effects as mystery, tension, or surprise. RL.9-10.6 Analyze how a point of view, perspective, or cultural experience is reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature. RL.9-10.7 Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums, including what is emphasized or absent in each treatment (e.g., Auden's "Musée des Beaux Arts" and Breughel's Landscape with the Fall of Icarus). RL.9-10.8 (Not applicable to literature) RL.9-10.9 Analyze how an author alludes to and transforms source material in a specific work (e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare). 	 How Taught? Teaching activities may include: Determine a theme of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details. Provide an objective summary of the text that includes the theme and relevant story elements. Closely read passages to analyze literary elements. Teacher provides direct instruction, gives feedback, and models critical thinking Small group and class discussions Produce a thorough analysis of the text cooperative learning groups Allow students to self select Independent reading and/or Book Club books. Students to define, use, and connect to content area and literature based vocabulary Teachers to use high yield instructional strategies such as, but not limited to: three-level guides, bracket challenge, fiction prediction

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RL.9-10.10 By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 9–10 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range, building background knowledge and activating prior knowledge in order to make personal, historical, and cultural connections that deepen understanding of complex text.	
RL.9-10.10 By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently, building background knowledge and activating prior knowledge in order to make personal, historical, and cultural connections that deepen understanding of complex text.	
Materials: Previously Board approved textbook series:	How Assessed?
My Perspectives 8-10	Assessments may include:
Collections 9-12 Elements of Literature 8-12 My Perspectives Plus Classic author selections may include: "The Gift of the Magi" "The Cask of Amontillado" "The Raven" "I Never Saw a Moor" "The Road Not Taken" "Harrison Bergeron" "The Seven Ages of Man"	 Assessments may include: Pre-Assessments (pre-tests, observation, anticipation guide, questioning, diagnostics) Formative Assessments (entry/exit slips, group work, reflections, discussions, writer's workshops, homework/classwork, self and peer evaluations, journals, observations, conferences, rubrics, quick writes) Summative Assessments (formal essays, using rubrics; tests/exams, projects,
"The Sound of Thunder" "The Scarlet Ibis"	creative assignments, presentations)
"The Interlopers"	How Re-Taught?
"The Leap"	Re-teaching activities may include:
Lord of the Flies	Breaking down concept into smaller
Antigone Sonnet 18	components
The Outsiders - 1983, 0:05 - 1:25	 Presenting the information again in a different way
Student-selected titles for Independent Reading	 Universal Design for Learning principles offering students opportunities to

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ELA I

Artistic mediums may include: 2081 (:01-:25) Onward (:05-:97) O Brother, Where Art Thou (:05-1:02) Romeo and Juliet (various versions) -Zeffirelli 1968 (:05 - 1:34; 1:47 - 2:16 -Luhrmann 1996 (:02-1:16, 1:19-1:53) -2013 (:01-1:00, 1:08-1:58) Castaway (:05-1:38) Song lyrics- "Love Don't Cost a Thing" by Jennifer Lopez "The Necklace" shorty story film (18 minutes)	 experience and engage material in new and different way Practice activities such as computer tutorials, games, hands-on activities Review sessions
Instructional YouTube Videos may include: Five Elements of a Story Rap What Is Verbal Irony? Situational Irony In on a Secret? That's Dramatic Irony <u>The Gift of the Magi</u> The Necklace Mini Biography - Poe The Simpsons "The Raven" Episode Mini Biography - Shakespeare Shakespeare: The Globe Theater London Tour Why Shakespeare Loved Iambic Pentameter 62 Insults from Shakespeare Hip-Hop and Shakespeare Conventions of Epic Poetry Romeo and Juliet Character Map Insults by Shakespeare Everything You Need to Know to Read Homer's "Odyssey" History Channel Clash of the Gods Odysseus Part <u>One</u> The Odyssey "Across the Universe" Homeric Simile Examples (Flocabulary) Why Would You Fall for That - Elevator Tolentino Teaching <u>videos</u>	

Strand: Reading Informational Text Standards

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 Learning Standard: RI.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. RI.9-10.2 Analyze informational text development. RI.9-10.3 Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them. RI.9-10.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper). RI.9-10.5 Analyze in detail how an author's ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter). RI.9-10.6 Determine an author's perspective or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose. RI.9-10.7 Analyze various accounts of a subject told in different mediums (e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia), determining which details are emphasized in each account. RI.9-10.8 Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning. RI.9-10.9 Analyze seminal U.S. documents of 	 How Taught? Teaching activities may include: Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details. Provide an objective summary of the text that includes the development of the central idea and how details impact this idea. Teacher provides direct instruction, gives feedback, and models critical thinking. Cooperative learning in small groups
RI.9-10.9 Analyze seminal U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (e.g., Washington's Farewell Address, the Gettysburg Address, Roosevelt's Four Freedoms speech, King's "Letter from Birmingham Jail"), including how they address related themes and concepts.	

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 RI.9-10.10 By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 9– 10 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. RI.9-10.10 By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently. 	
Materials: Previously Board approved textbook series: My Perspectives 8-10 Collections 9-12 Elements of Literature 8-12 My Perspectives Plus Night Student Workbook Other selections may include: Night NewsELA Achieve 3000 "Payless Shoes" article USHMM Holocaust ID Cards Complimentary artistic mediums and videos may include: The Boy in the Striped Pajamas (:02-1:29) Oprah interview with Elie Wiesel Elie Wiesel biography video Tolentino Teaching videos	 How Assessed? Assessments may include: Pre-Assessments (pre-tests, observation, anticipation guide, questioning, diagnostics) Formative Assessments (entry/exit slips, group work, reflections, discussions, writer's workshops, homework/classwork, self and peer evaluations, journals, observations, conferences, rubrics, quick writes) Summative Assessments (formal essays, using rubrics; tests/exams, projects, creative assignments, presentations) How Re-Taught? Re-teaching activities may include: Breaking down concept into smaller components Presenting the information again in a different way Universal Design for Learning principles offering students opportunities to experience and engage material in new and different way Practice activities such as computer tutorials, games, hands-on activities

Learning Standard:	How Taught?
W.9-10.1 Write arguments to support claims in an	Teaching activities may include:
analysis of substantive topics or texts,	 Establish a clear and thorough thesis to
using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient	present an argument.
evidence.	 Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the
	claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims,
W.9-10.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to	and create an organization that establishes
examine and convey complex ideas,	clear relationships among claim(s),
concepts, and information clearly and accurately	counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
through the effective selection,	 Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly,
organization, and analysis of content.	supplying evidence for each while pointing
	out the strengths and limitations of both in a
W.9-10.3 Write narratives to develop real or	manner that anticipates the audience's
imagined experiences or events using effective	knowledge level and concerns.
technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured	• Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the
event sequences.	major sections of the text, create cohesion,
	and clarify the relationships between
W.9-10.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in	claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and
which the development, organization, and	evidence, and between claim(s) and
style are appropriate to task, purpose, and	counterclaims.
audience.	 Establish and maintain a formal style and
	objective tone while attending to the norms
W.9-10.5 Develop and strengthen writing as	and conventions of the discipline in which
needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting,	they are writing.
or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing	 Provide a concluding statement or section
what is most significant for a specific	that follows from and supports the argument
purpose and audience.	presented.
	 Establish a clear and thorough thesis to
W.9-10.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to	present information.
produce, publish, and update individual or	 Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas,
shared writing products, taking advantage of	concepts, and information to make
technology's capacity to link to other information	important connections and distinctions;
and to display information flexibly and dynamically.	include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics
	(e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia to aid
W.9-10.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained	comprehension, if needed.
research projects to answer a question	 Develop the topic with well-chosen,
(including a self-generated question) or solve a	relevant, and sufficient facts, extended
problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when	definitions, concrete details, quotations, or
appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the	other information and examples appropriate
subject, demonstrating understanding of the	to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
subject under investigation.	 Use appropriate and varied transitions to
	link the major sections of the text, create
W.9-10.8 Gather relevant information from multiple	cohesion, and clarify the relationships
authoritative print and digital sources,	among complex ideas and concepts.
using advanced searches effectively; assess the	 Use precise language and domain-specific
usefulness of each source in answering the	vocabulary to manage the complexity of the
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research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. W.9-10.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.9-10.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.	 topic. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole. Use precise words and phrases, telling Apply grades 9–10 Reading standards to details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative. literature (e.g., "Analyze how an author alludes to and transforms source material in a specific work [e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare] "). Apply grades 9–10 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning").

Materials: Previously Board approved textbook series: My Perspectives 8-10 Collections 9-12 Elements of Literature 8-12 My Perspectives Plus	How Assessed? Assessments may include: • Narrative writing • Informative writing • Argument writing • Compare and Contrast writing • Literary analysis • Journal writing
Instructional YouTube videos may include: "How to Write an Informative Essay" Schmoop-	Creative writing
"Writing Grabby Intros" "How to Write an Argument Essay" "Choosing and Using Quotations" "Writing a Killer Conclusion" Progress Learning- "Writing Hooks or Attention-Getting Openings" Proper Email Etiquette Different Manners Around the World	How Re-Taught? Re-teaching activities may include: Revise Edit Resubmit

ELA I

Strand: Speaking and Listening Standards

Learning	Standard:
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SL.9-10.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-onone, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

SL.9-10.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.

SL.9-10.3 Evaluate a speaker's perspective, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted evidence.

SL.9-10.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning

How Taught?

Teaching activities may include:

- Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
- Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and decision-making (e.g., informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, presentation of alternate views), clear goals and deadlines, and individual roles as needed
- Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or

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ELAI	
and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task. SL.9-10.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest. SL.9-10.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.	 challenge ideas and conclusions Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented.
Materials: Previously Board approved textbook series: My Perspectives 8-10 Collections 9-12 Elements of Literature 8-12 My Perspectives Plus	 How Assessed? Assessments may include: Presenting an argument Presenting a personal narrative Presenting on independent reading Giving an explanatory talk
Artistic mediums may include: Student-selected independent reading books Student and/or teacher research materials <i>My Perspectives</i> media selections <i>My Perspectives</i> modeling videos <i>My Perspectives</i> audio recordings <i>My Perspectives Plus</i>	 How Re-Taught? Re-teaching activities may include: Remediation and review Questions and answer session Reflection

Strand: Language Standards

 Learning Standard: L.9-10.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.9-10.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing How Taught? Teaching activities may include, but limited to: Use parallel structure. Use various types of phrases (r adjectival, adverbial, participial, prepositional, absolute) and cla (independent, dependent; nour 	noun, verb, , auses
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ELA I	

 L.9-10.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. L.9-10.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 9–10 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. 	 adverbial) to convey specific meanings and add variety and interest to writing or presentations. Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link two or more closely related independent clauses. Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation. Spell correctly. Write work so that it conforms to the guidelines in a style manual (e.g., MLA Handbook, Turabian's Manual for Writers) appropriate for the discipline and writing type. Edit work so that it conforms to the guidelines in a style manual appropriate for the discipline and writing type. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., analyze, analysis, analytical; advocate, advocacy). Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation
Materials:Previously Board approved textbook series:My Perspectives 8-10Collections 9-12Elements of Literature 8-12My Perspectives PlusKhan Academy mini lessonsArtistic mediums may include:YouTube:Grammaropolis Videos - on all eight Parts ofSpeech	 How Assessed? Assessments may include: Pre-Assessments (pre-tests, observation,, questioning, diagnostics) Formative Assessments (entry/exit slips, group work, discussions, homework/classwork, journals, observations, conferences) Summative Assessments (formal essays, using rubrics; tests/exams, projects, creative assignments, presentations)
Grammar Bytes Presents: The Indirect Object, The Subject Complements, Appositives - The Two-Minute Teacher Tolentino Teaching <u>videos</u> Prefixes, Suffixes, and Roots Rap	How Re-Taught? Re-teaching activities may include: • Small group instruction

How to Use Context to Determine the Meaning of Words	 Presenting the information again in a different way
	 Universal Design for Learning principles offering students opportunities to experience and engage material in new and different way
	 Practice activities such as computer tutorials, games, hands-on activities Review sessions
	 Descriptive feedback on original task/assessment Conferencing